## Theoretical Investigations of the EPR Parameters for Three Tetragonal Centers in CsCl:Cr<sup>3+</sup> Crystal

Wei-Dong Chen and Hui-Ning Dong

Institute of Solid State Physics, Sichuan Normal University, Chengdu 610066, P. R. China

Reprint requests to W.-D.C.; E-mail: cwd\_ck@163.com

Z. Naturforsch. **58a**, 93 – 96 (2003); received November 25, 2002

The electron paramagnetic resonance parameters zero-field splitting D and g factors  $g_{\parallel}$  and  $g_{\perp}$  of three tetragonal centers in CsCl: Cr<sup>3+</sup> crystal at room temperature have been investigated by a two-spin-orbit (S. O.)-coupling parameter model. In this model, the contributions arising from the S. O. coupling of the central  $d^3$  ion and the ligands are included. For center III, the very small D of the [CrCl<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3-</sup> cluster may be due to the displacement ( $\approx 0.506 \text{ Å}$ ) of the two substitutional Cl<sup>-</sup>ions along the tetragonal ( $C_4$ ) axis. For the centers I and II, the relatively larger D results from the contribution of two or one water molecules, i. e., corresponding to [CrCl<sub>6-n</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>n</sub>]<sup>n-3</sup> with, n = 2 or 1 along the  $C_4$  axis, respectively. The reasonableness of the theoretical results is discussed.

*Key words:* Electron Paramagnetic Resonance (EPR); Crystal and Ligand-Field Theory; Cr<sup>3+</sup>: CsCl.